

La Parguera



An aerial photograph showing a coastal watershed on the left, with a town and roads visible. The land transitions into a shallow lagoon or bay with various islands and reefs. The water color transitions from light green near the shore to deep blue further out, indicating different depths and reef structures. The text is overlaid on the top half of the image.

Relationships Between Watershed Activities & Coral Reef Ecosystems (Ridge to Reef Approach)

- Sediment Loading and Associated Impacts
- Water Column Transport Processes
- Physical Oceanography
- Transport of watershed-based materials:
Sediment studies

Major Disturbance – Land clearing



- Road Construction
- Development
- Land Clearing
- Agriculture

What's the concern?

Coastal development has led to increased terrestrial sediment accumulation in coral reef areas



Sediment production measurements



● Unpaved roads; 10 sites

● Cutslopes; 11 sites

● Fillslopes; 3 sites

● Undisturbed hillslopes; 11 sites

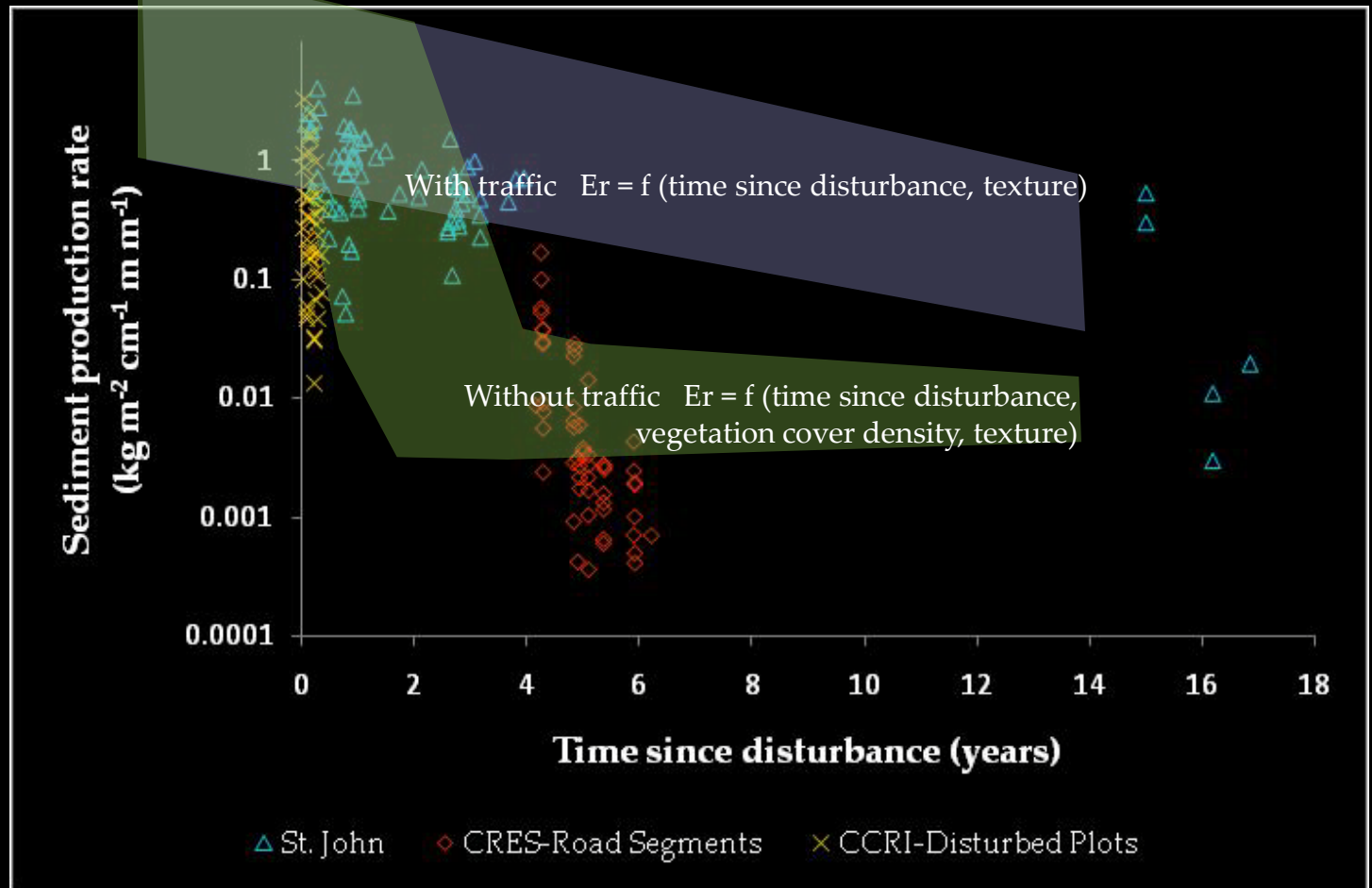
● Rain gage

Sediment Production Model

Slope, Rainfall Intensity and Frequency, Disturbance Regime, Vegetation Cover



ArcView
Extension

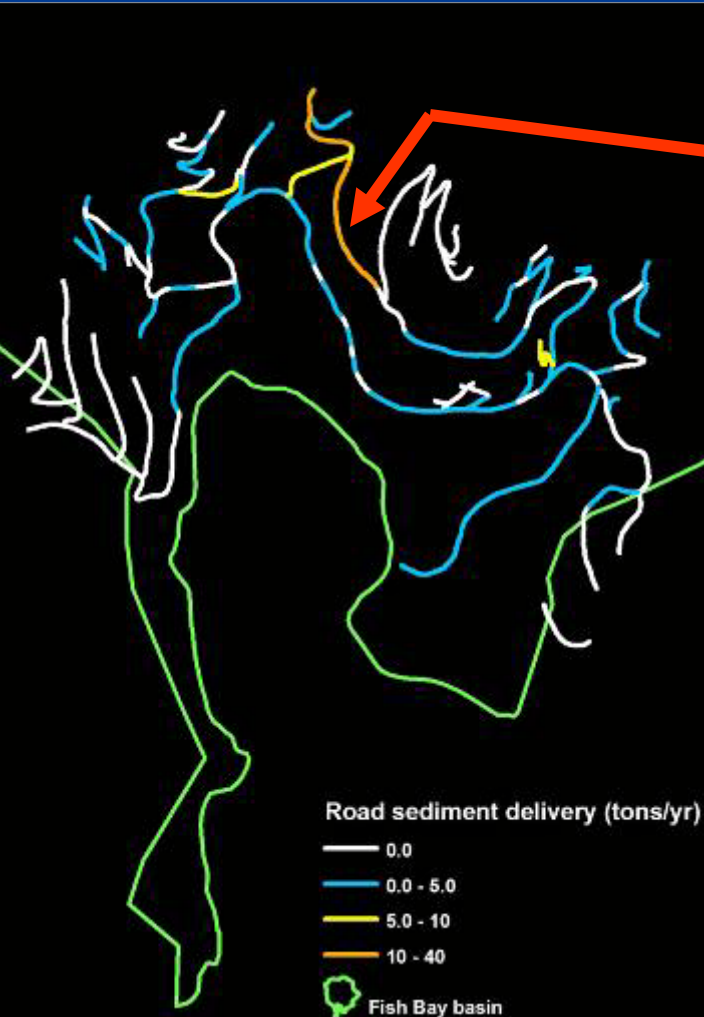


GIS Modeling of Sedimentary Runoff

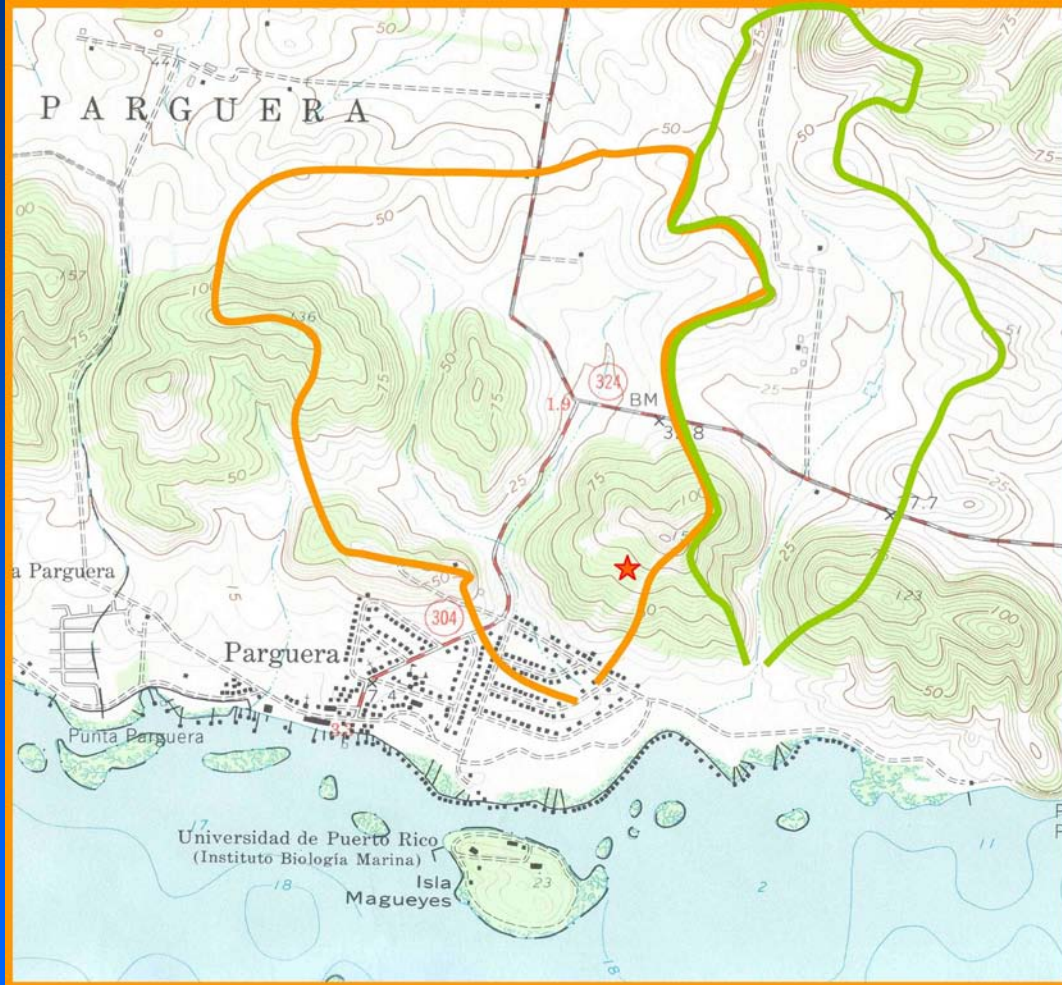
Problem Identification



Restoration



Watershed-scale runoff/sediment yield



- “Natural” Watershed
- Disturbed Watershed
- ★ Raingauge

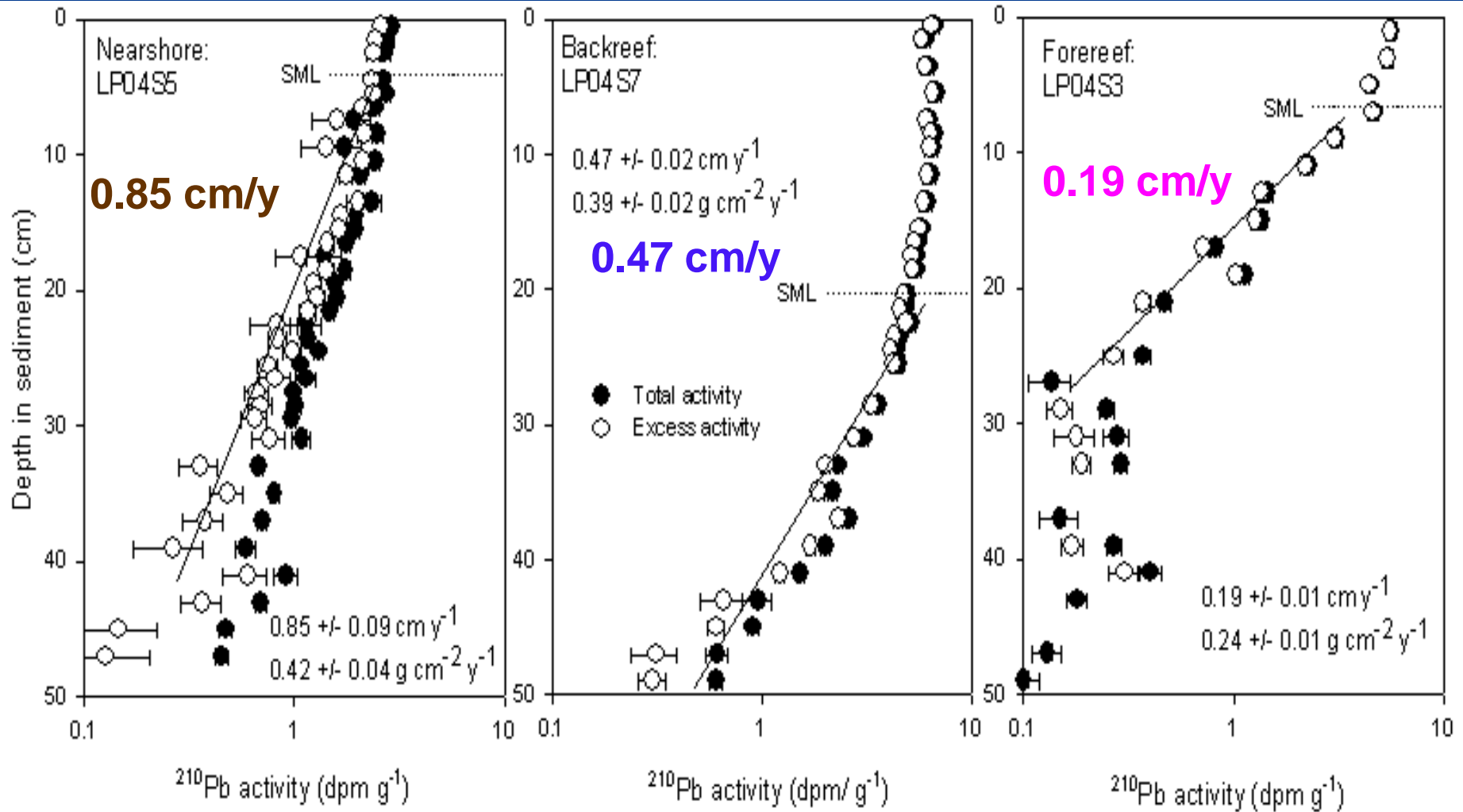
Disturbed runoff is 3-9 times greater than Natural runoff and is on the high-end of for severely disturbed watersheds with similar climate

Sediment Accumulation Rates

Nearshore

Backreef Lagoon

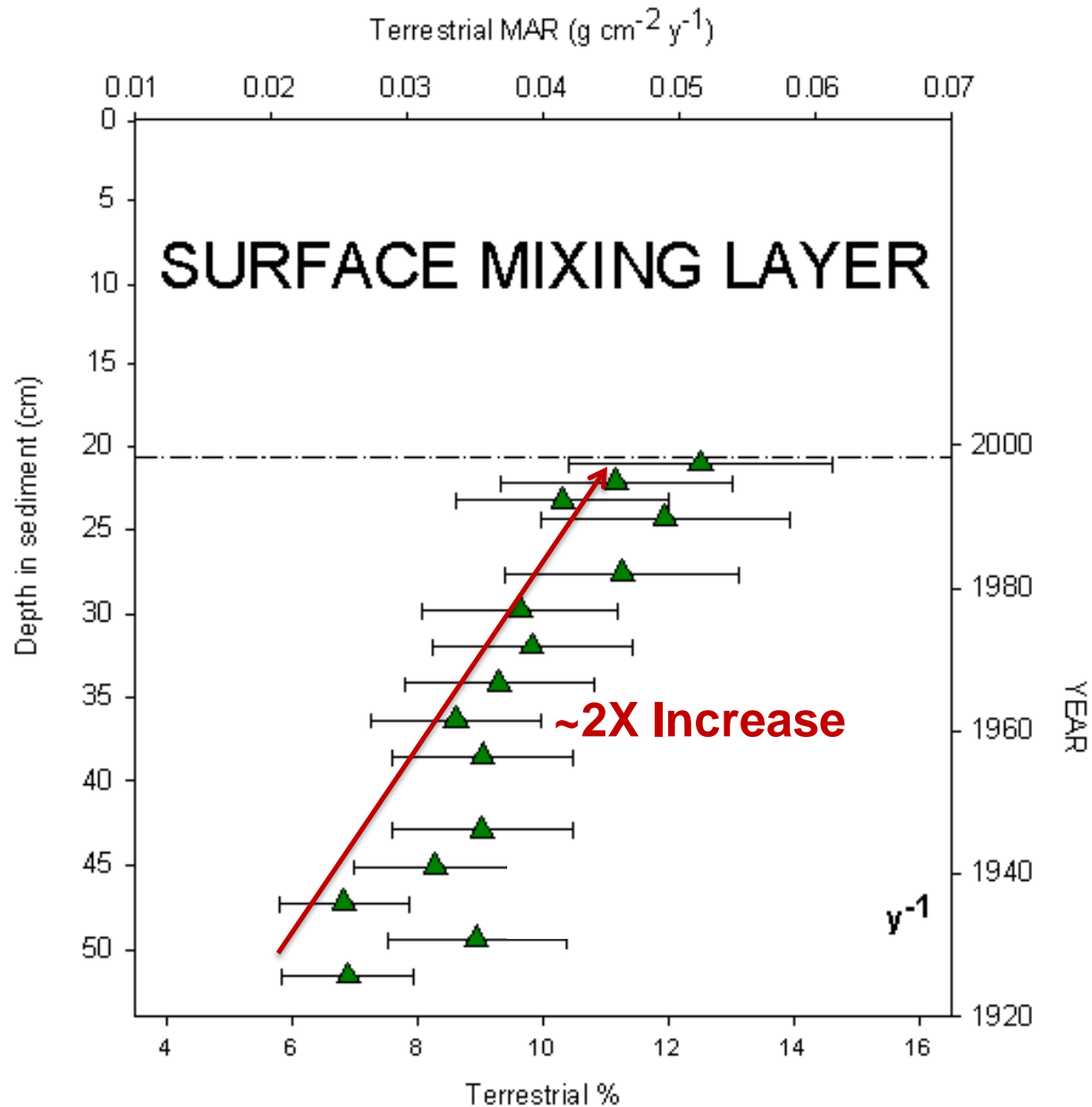
Forereef



Is land-use
change
recorded in
the seabed?



Change in Terrestrial Sedimentation

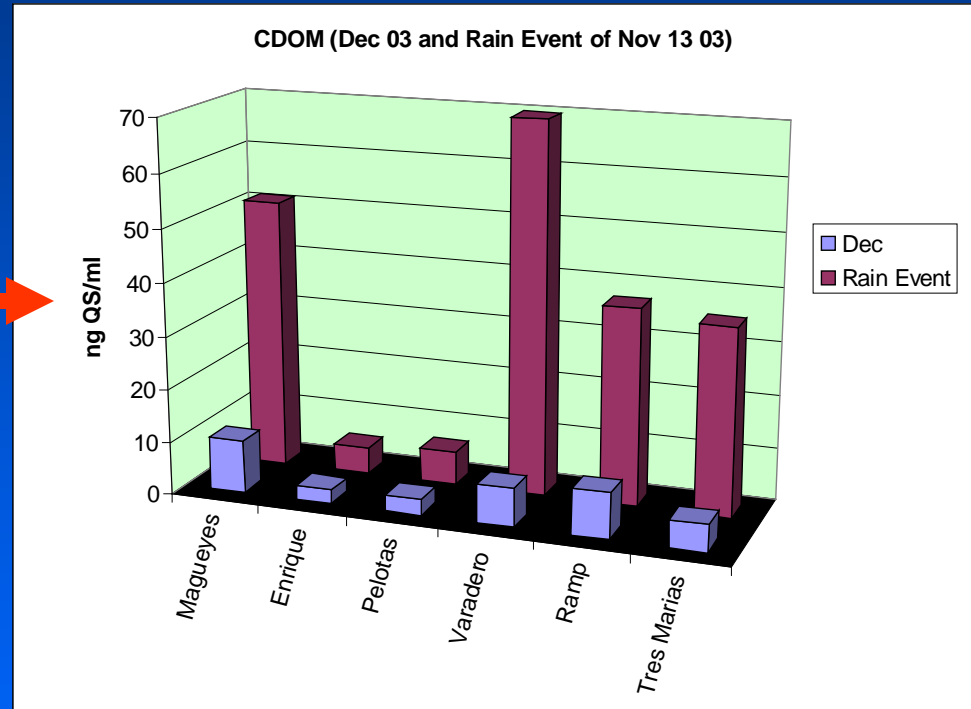


Water-borne Transport

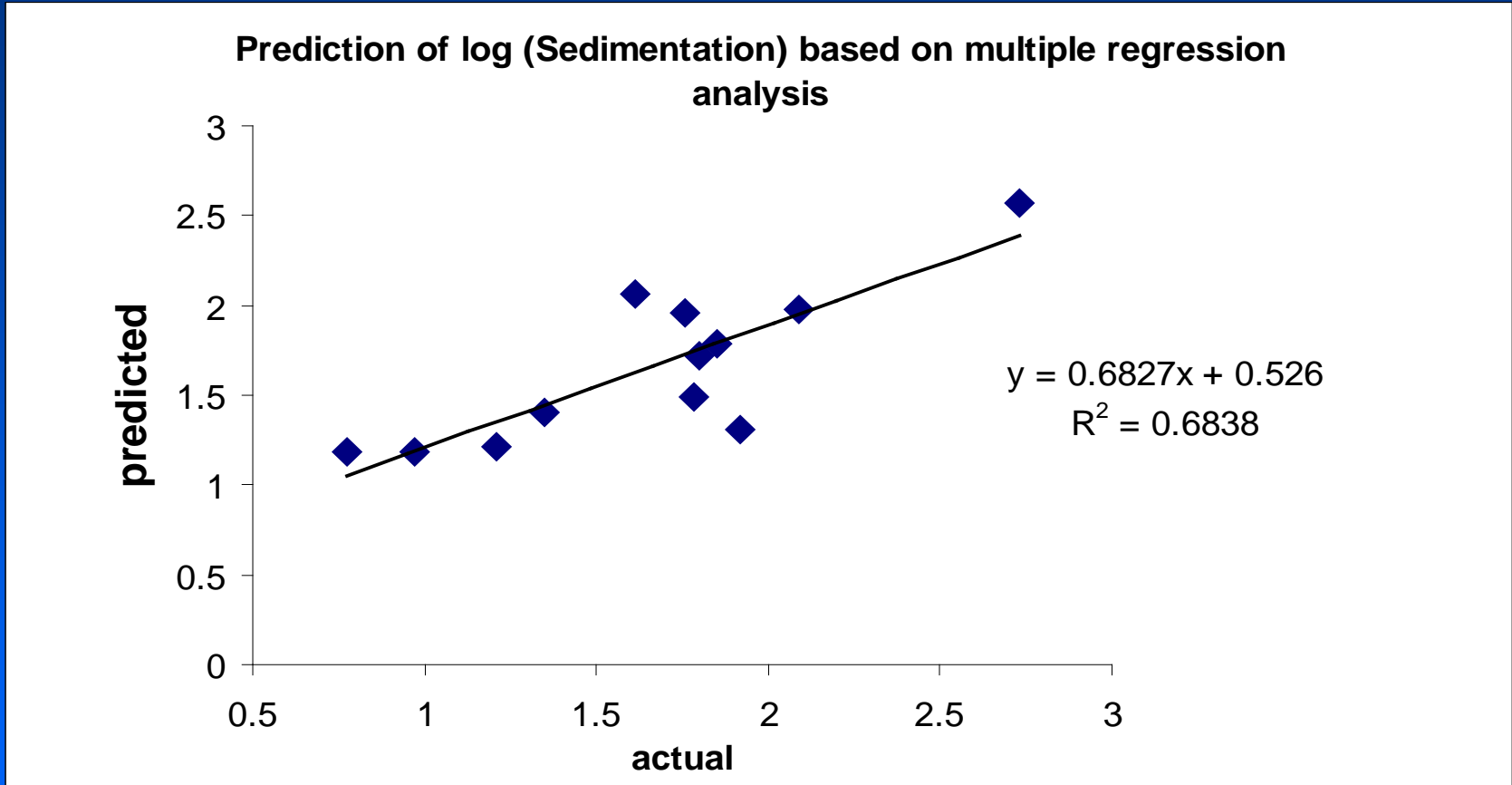
- Chlorophyll a
- Turbidity
- Nutrient Concentrations
- Bacterial Activity
- Bacterial Counts
- Colored Dissolved Organic Matter
- N¹⁵ Sediment Concentration
- Algal Tissue Nitrogen Concentration

Water-borne Transport

- Sharp inshore-offshore gradient
- Pulsed activity due to weather events
- Values at Shelf Edge are very low



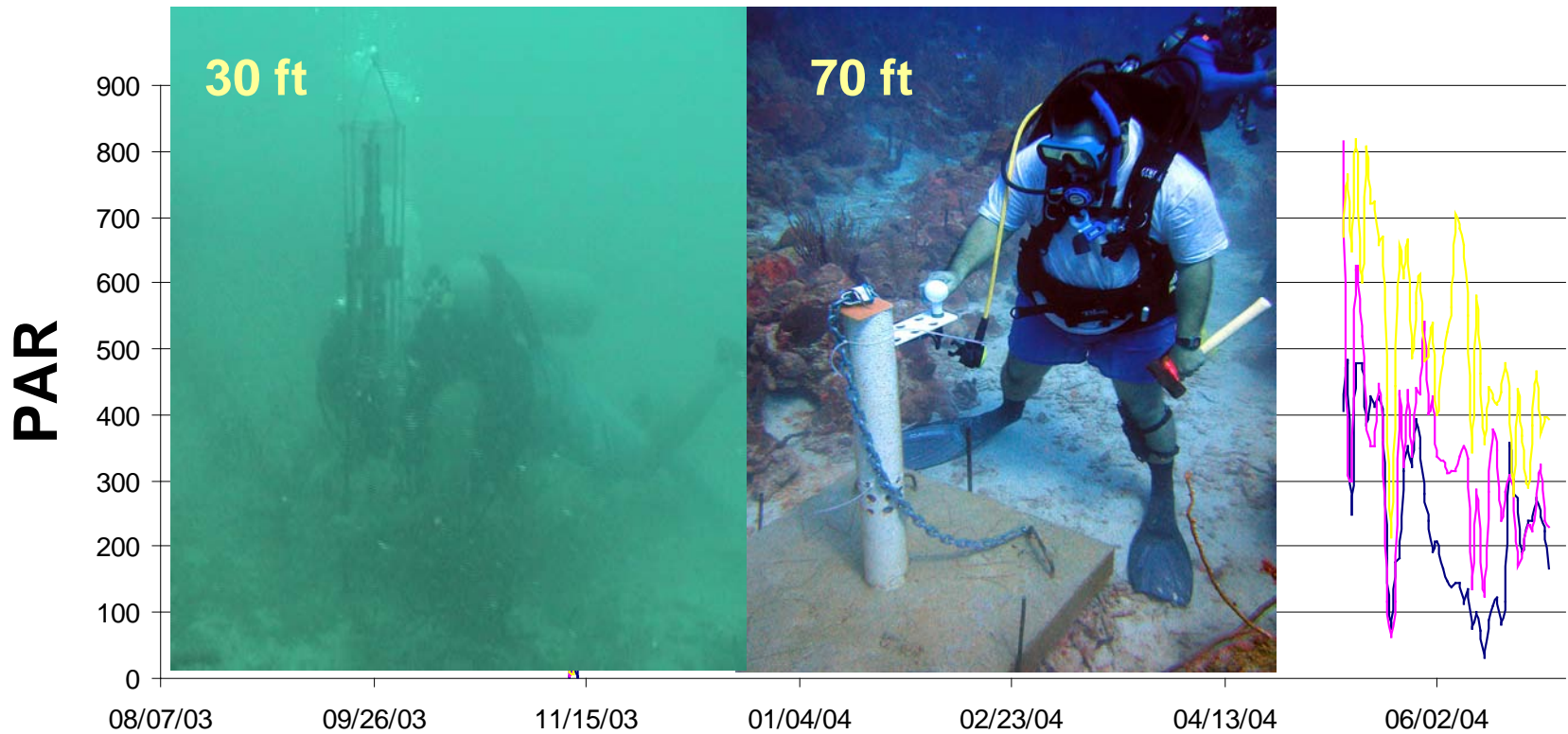
Relationship of Turbidity, Depth & Sedimentation



Prediction: $\log \text{sedim}(\text{mg m}^{-2} \text{d}^{-1}) = 1.29 \log \text{NTU} + 0.6 \log \text{depth (m)} + 1.10$

Inshore turbidity adversely affects coral communities

PAR Values at Noon

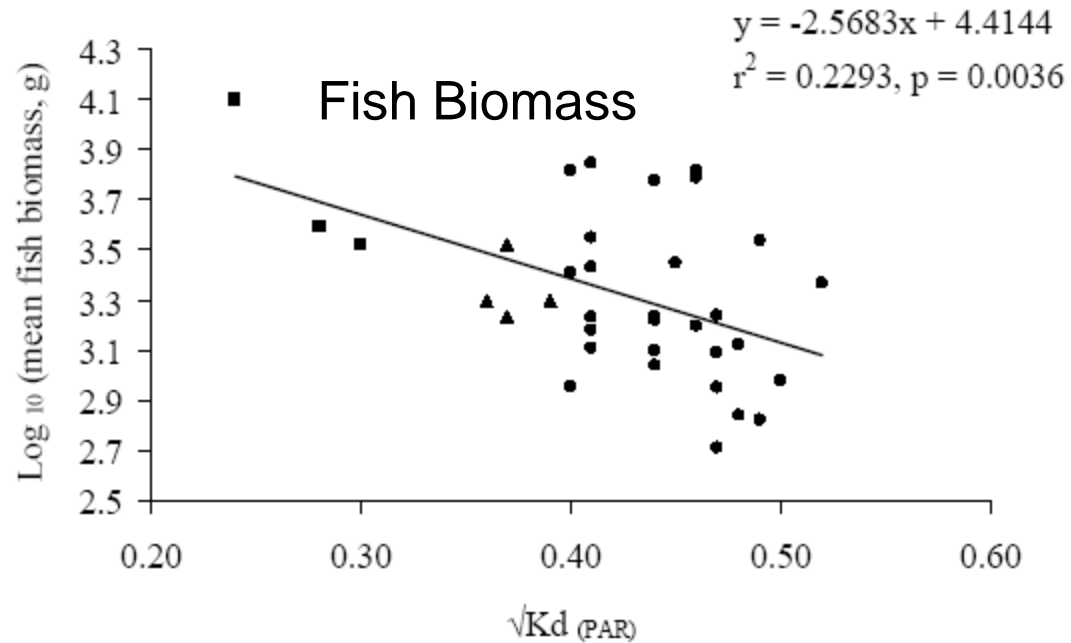
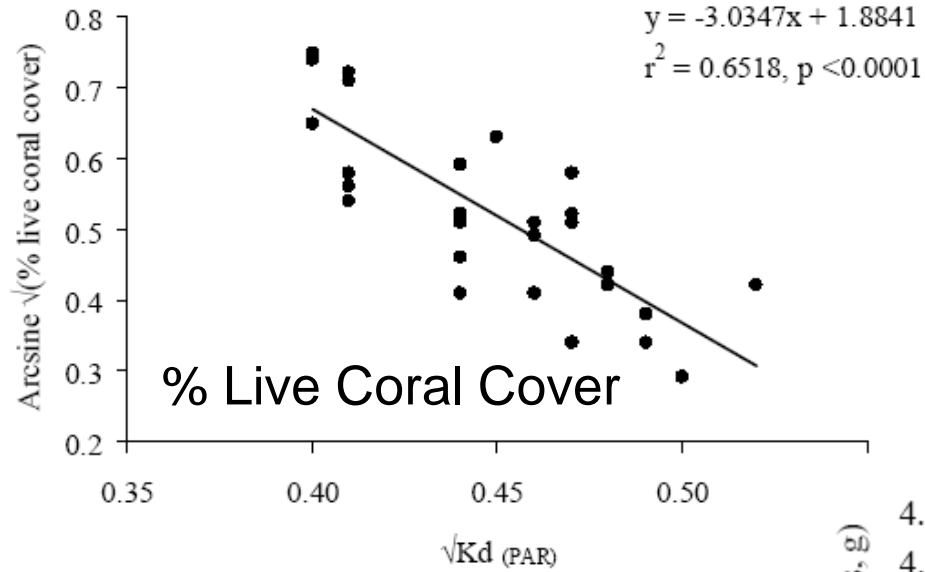


● Shelfedge

● Midshelf

● Inshore

Low Light = Low % coral cover and low fish biomass & abundance



What is your watershed?



Effects of Land Disturbance: Downstream Effects



